Safety Data Sheet UC LEVELLER

Safety Data Sheet dated: 22/6/2017 - version 2 Date of first edition: 3/5/2017



1. Identification

GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: UC LEVELLER Trade code: 900346

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: no data available

Uses advised against: no data available

Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

T. +61 7 32765000 (Mon-Fri 8am to 5pm)

F. +61 7 32765076

Emergency phone number

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26 Police Fire Brigade 000

2. Hazard identification



Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Dam. 1	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms and Signal Words



Hazard statements:

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

Other hazarde which do not regult in a classification				
P501.B	Dispose of contents in accordance with local regulation.			
P405	Store locked up.			
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.			
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.			
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.			
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.			
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.			
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.			
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.			
P261.B	Avoid breathing dust.			

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

This preparation contains cement. Cement gives a strong alkaline reaction with water and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids). It may cause irritation or burns.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

no data available

Mixtures

Mixture identification: UC LEVELLER

Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Quantity	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification
25-50 %	free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	
20-25 %	calcium carbonate	CAS:471-34-1 EC:207-439-9 Index:	
10-20 %	Portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335
2.5-5 %	calcium sulphate anhydrous - far east -	CAS:7778-18-9	

4.First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: ==

Oxidizing properties: no data available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand Wash with plenty of water.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	ACGIH	None		0,025		•			(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
calcium carbonate	Australia - Occupatio nal Exposure Standards - TWAs			10					
Portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	ACGIH	None		1					A4, (E,R) - Pulm func, resp symptoms, asthma
	OSHA			15					
	OSHA			5					
	Australia - Occupatio nal Exposure Standards - TWAs			10					
	ACGIH			1					A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma;
calcium sulphate anhydrous - far east -	ACGIH	None		10					(I) - Nasal symptoms
,	OSHA			15					
	OSHA			5					
	Australia - Occupatio nal Exposure Standards - TWAs			10					
	ACGIH			10					nasal symptoms;
Appropriate engin	eering c	ontrols							

no data available

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Color: grey Appearance: Powder Odour: slight, typical of cement Odour threshold: no data available pH: no data available Melting point / freezing point: no data available Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available Flash point: no data available Evaporation rate: no data available Flammability (Solid, Gas): no data available Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: no data available Vapour pressure: no data available Vapour density: no data available Relative density: no data available Solubility in water: partly soluble Solubility in oil: Insoluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available Auto-ignition temperature: no data available Decomposition temperature: no data available Viscosity: no data available Specific heat value: no data available Saturated vapour concentration: no data available Release of invisible flammable vapours and gases: no data available Particle size: no data available Size distribution: no data available Shape and aspect ratio: no data available Crystallinity: no data available Dustiness: no data available Surface area: no data available Degree of aggregation or agglomeration, and dispersibility: no data available Biodurability or biopersistence: no data available Surface coating or chemistry: no data available VOC (Volatile Organic Compound) : 0 (Rule 1168) g/L

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions
Chemical stability
no data available
Possibility of hazardous reactions
None.
Conditions to avoid
Stable under normal conditions.
Incompatible materials
None in particular.
Hazardous decomposition products
None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the mixture:

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

kg
kg

If not differently specified, the information required in the regulation and listed below must be considered as N.A.

a) acute toxicity
b) skin corrosion/irritation
c) serious eye damage/irritation
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
e) germ cell mutagenicity
f) carcinogenicity
g) reproductive toxicity
h) OTOT size also sume source

h) STOT-single exposure

i) STOT-repeated exposure

j) aspiration hazard

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Quantity	Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
20-25 %	calcium carbonate	CAS: 471-34-1 - EINECS: 207-439-9 - 67-548-EC:	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 10000 mg/L 96
			a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 1000 mg/L 48
			a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 200 mg/L 72
2.5-5 %	calcium sulphate anhydrous - far east -	CAS: 7778-18-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 2980 mg/L 96h EPA
			a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas > 1970 mg/L 96h EPA

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Mobility in soil

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

UN Number

no data available

UN Proper Shipping Name

no data available

Transport hazard class(es)

no data available Packing group, if applicable no data available Environmental hazards no data available Special precautions for user no data available Additional Information no data available HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

no data available

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals. AICS: all components are listed

16. Other information

Code Description

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION